16. 翻譯題: 電燈照亮我們的房屋。
(A) Electric lights illumine our houses.
(B) Electric lights are not installed in our houses.
(C) The electric lights caused the conflagration to our houses.
(D) Electric lights are nothing but an illusion to our houses.

17. 翻譯題: 萬一有需要我幫忙的地方，請別客氣開口。
(A) You should have told me to do that for you.
(B) If I were you, I would help you immediately.
(C) Just feel free to tell me any time you need help.
(D) If by any remote chance you want me to help you, just open your mouth.

18. 翻譯題: He is the last person I want to see.
(A) 他是下一個我要見的人
(B) 他是我最後一個要見的人
(C) 他是我最不願意見的人
(D) 我們永遠不會見面

19. 翻譯題: I told your sister to stop fooling around.
(A) 我告訴你的姐姐停止愚弄別人
(B) 我告訴你的姐姐不要裝瘋賣傻
(C) 我告訴你的姐姐不要四處遊蕩
(D) 我告訴你的姐姐停止欺騙別人

20. 翻譯題: He hardly leaves without saying “good-bye”.
(A) 他總是不告而別
(B) 他每次離開都會說再見
(C) 他離開時幾乎很少說再見
(D) 他每次總留下再見的字條而後離去

※填空題（請閱讀下面的文章，並為空格選擇填正確的辭彙）

Idioms and proverbs add color to a language, and they also reveal some of the culture behind the language. (21) the most interesting example is the expression “rain cats and dogs.” Does it mean that cats and dogs (22) come down from the sky? Some people in 17th-century England did believe (23) since many dead bodies of cats and dogs were found (24) around after a heavy fall of rain. (25), this idiom simply means “rain very hard.” There are two more explanations as to (26) this idiom came into being. One comes from the Greek word catadupa, (27) “waterfall.” People (28) often thought of waterfalls when it rained heavily. Since catadupa sounds like “cats and dogs,” heavy rains came to be described (29) falling cats and dogs. (30) stems from the belief of ancient weather prophets that rain was caused by the evil spirits of cats and dogs. (85年日大)
21. (A) Possibly   (B) Basically   (C) Generally   (D) Accidentally

22. (A) fairly   (B) safely   (C) actually   (D) hardly

23. (A) it   (B) these   (C) those   (D) them

24. (A) fooling   (B) swimming   (C) wandering   (D) floating

25. (A) As a result   (B) In fact   (C) At last   (D) In addition

26. (A) what   (B) when   (C) how   (D) where

27. (A) means   (B) meant   (C) meaning   (D) it means

28. (A) the other day   (B) in those days   (C) for days   (D) these days

29. (A) of   (B) to   (C) in   (D) as

30. (A) The other   (B) The last   (C) The another   (D) The next